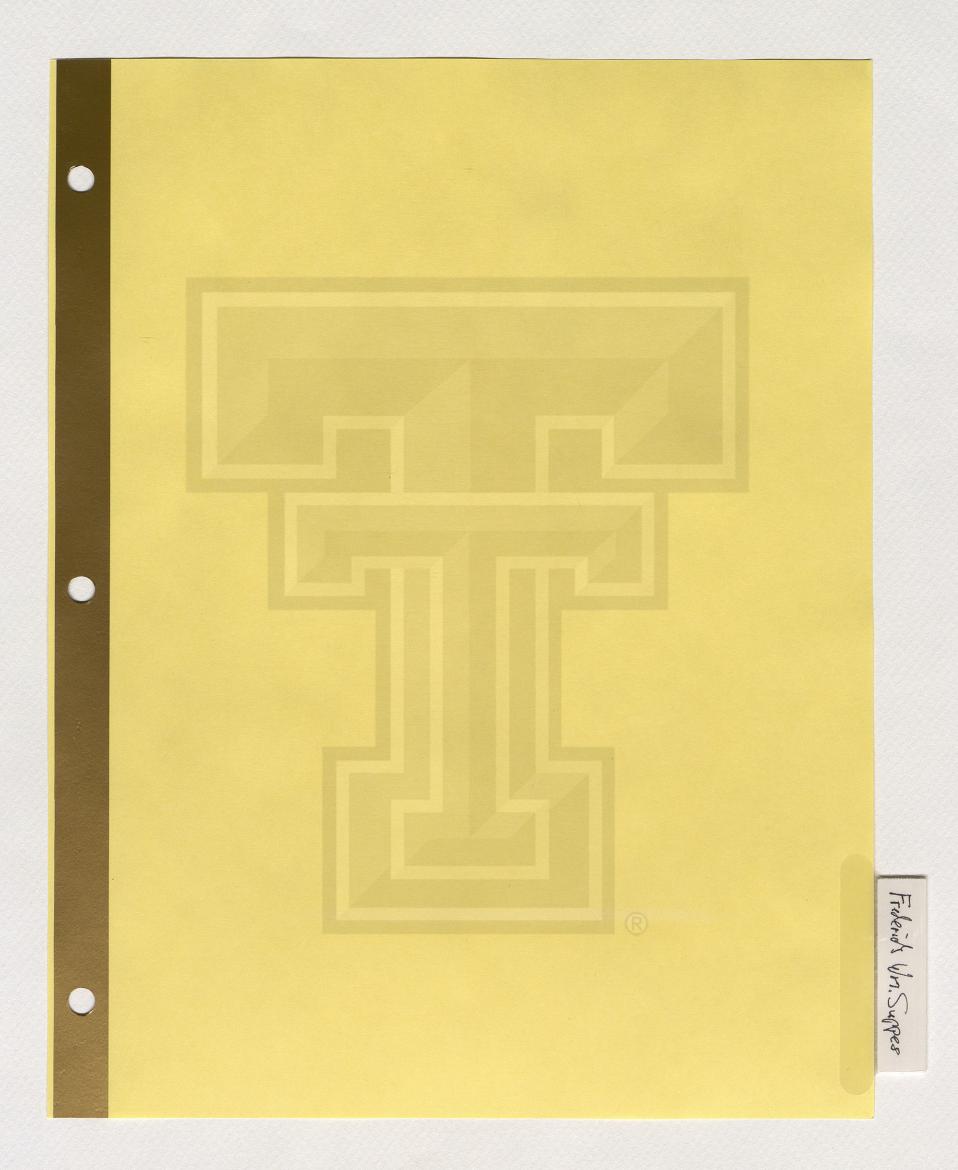
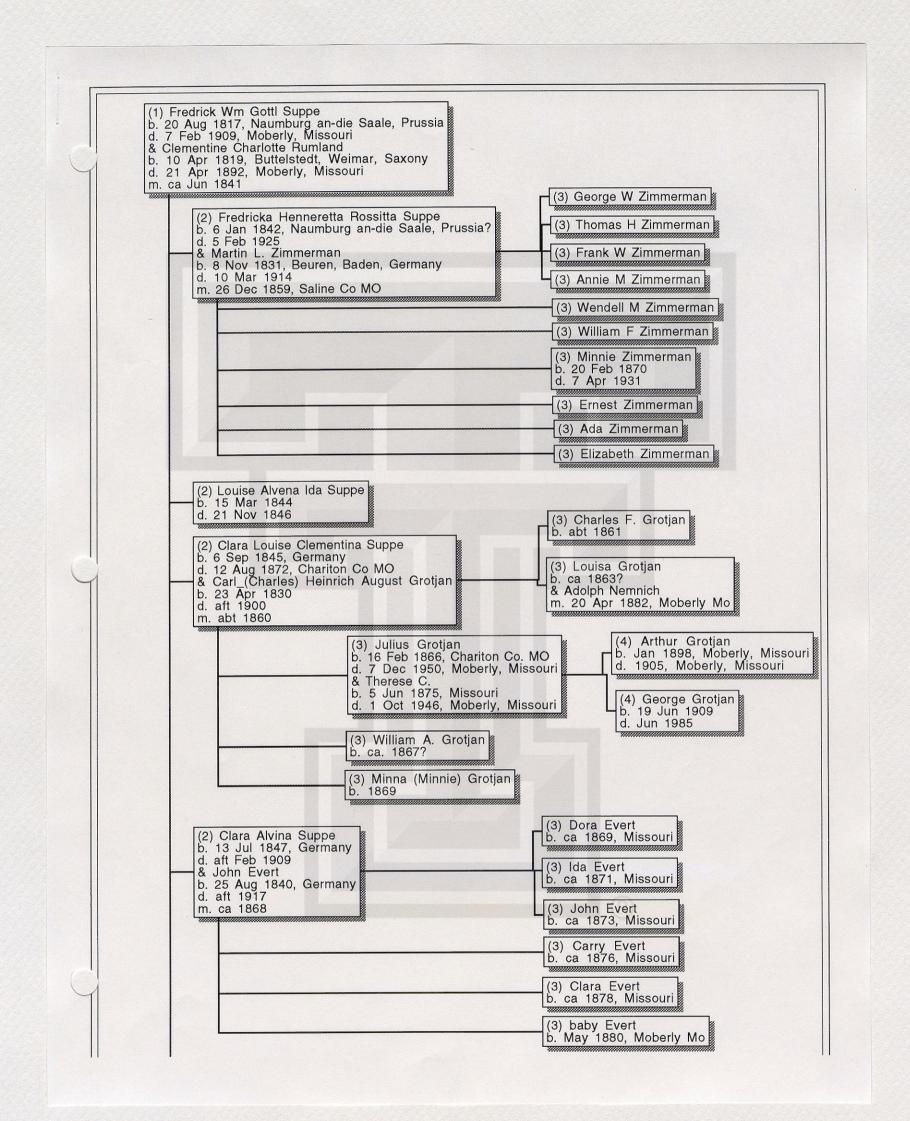
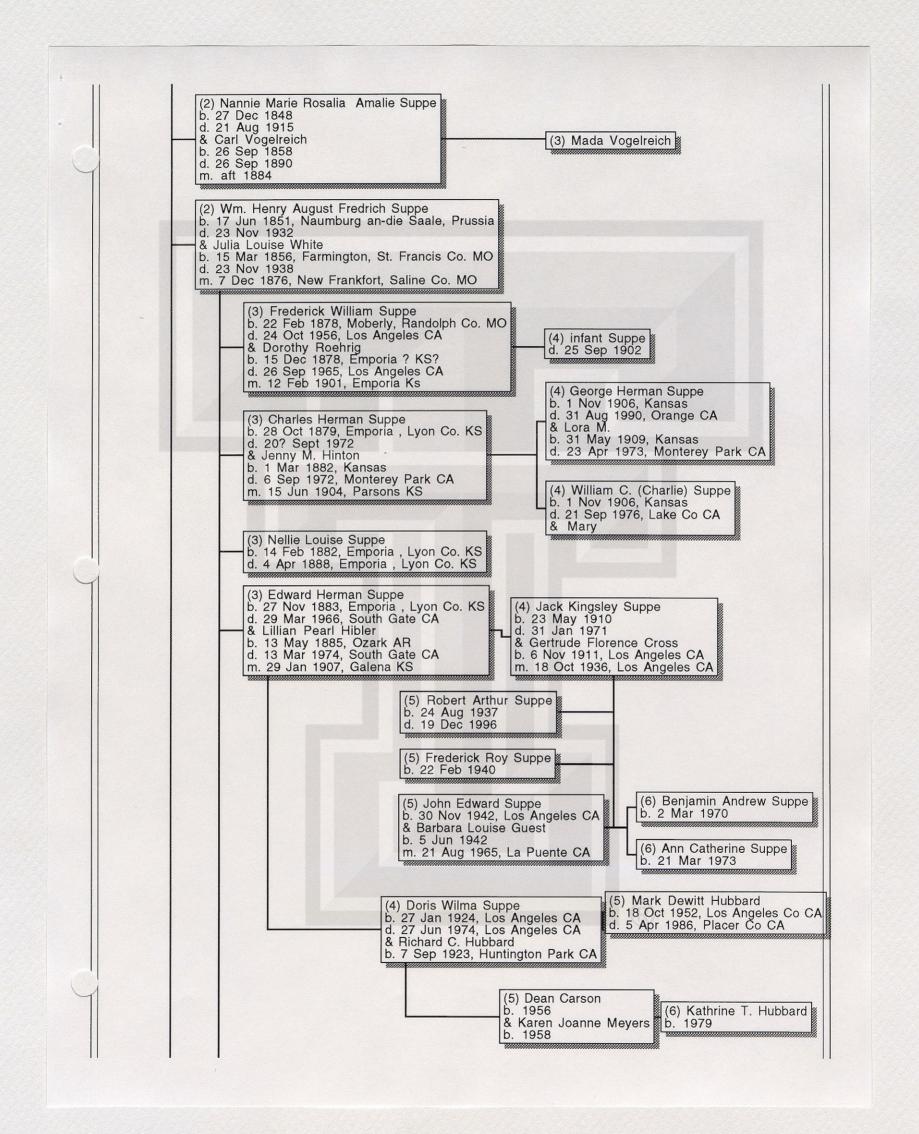
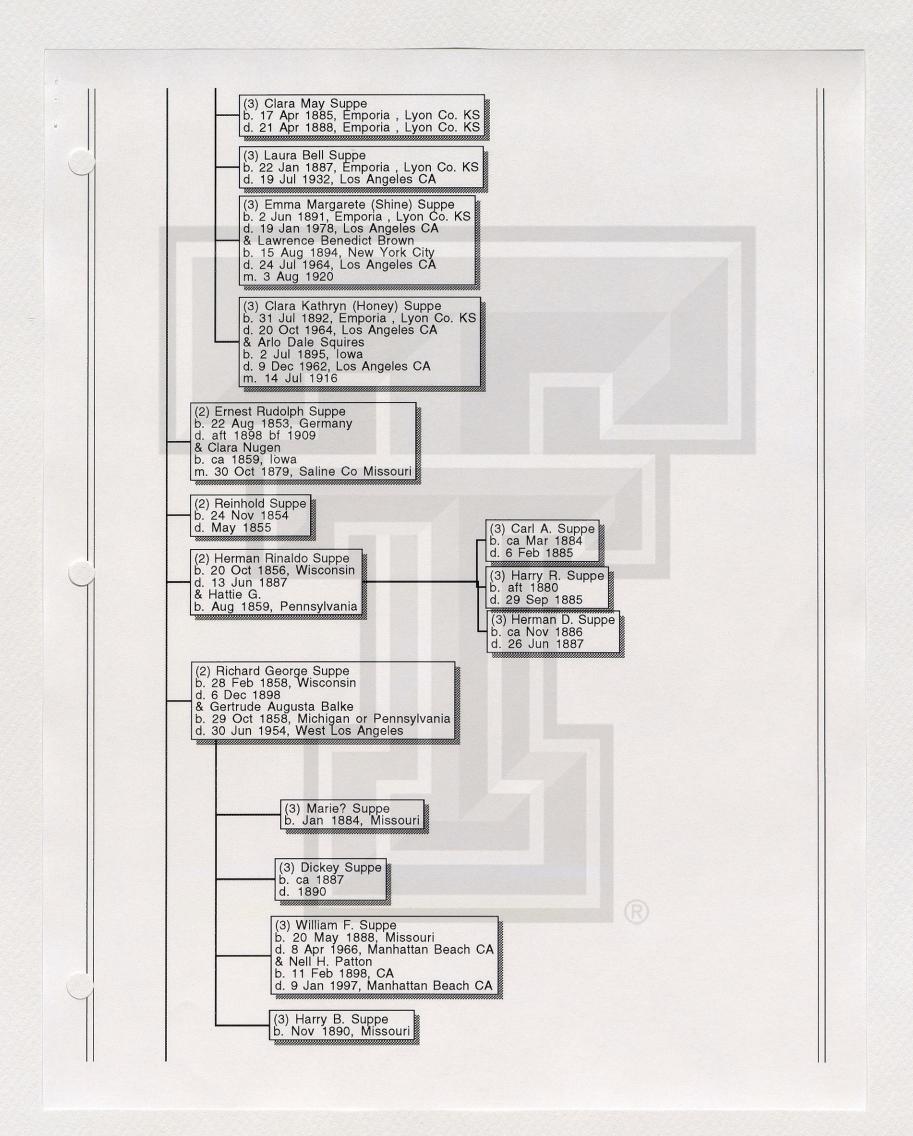
To Ray Cahill . r. your great gran father Friderich Supper was a Pourare of of gennarry was born in Germany, Served 3 yrs as a Soldier he martied after there country was married one year there came to america toon his conferrend a daughter on a bailt= Aship, it Apok over 90 days to get across the Clambic Brion The New york, the passerer our short of food and water about Two thirds across and ship stood still for some Those came a main a they caught some water but not enough to last long Then they look baldworks from the Oaion and boiled is and caught it. Wat was their drinking unler one cup a day for Lach ferror and so it was well food to this last. They got alted herring. the passencers showed them our board finely They sughted they shed leave for joy their goods were shipped on another sailship which sand in the Court, well they got to New york from there should be puckagan. Hisconsini there surve good many bermans but could out any ever e on carpenter Trade Thin he event to the Inni on mineget work the Boss gave him a dokulanoon and motion in The inine he under stood theat he headed his scheellearner full. The vert of the miners Insheltry shood and watched him and shout lour heads one of theme look his acheelloorm Arld him to follow schich did filled his wheel arow half full and hoded to her go the was allonghe to them there while he was there grandfather got word from the sailship of he mould sent \$3000 they would sent his good to him he got the good settie blothing and bedding

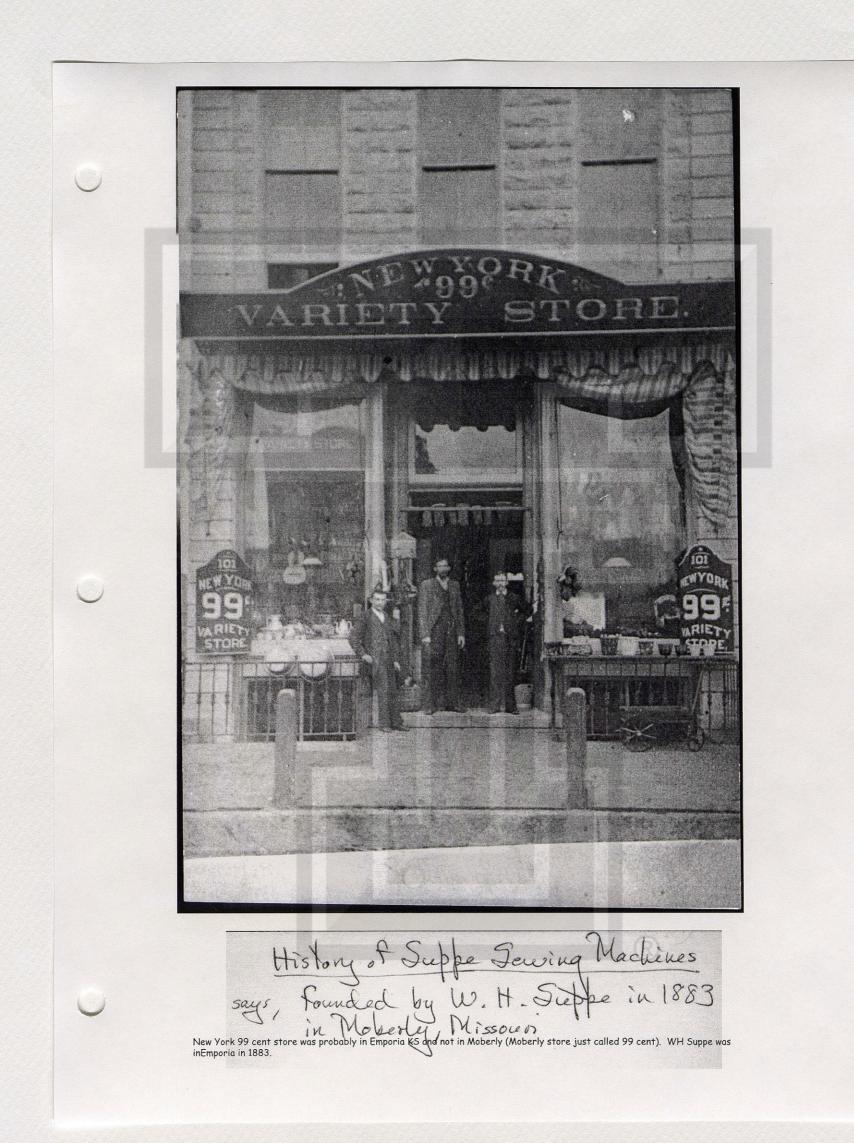
and the second From Wiscontin grandfather moved to Concincuta Olio Then The Ewit Mar broke out, he trend to get work an The confronting but there all work stopped even at 50 ote a day to be event to join the Ederal arma at filles a month Soldier The had thrain even for the arrive served 3 gears. he had to go fingania in The Bottles & Mildermine Richmond Antedior, and many others, went Through many havelships Received deel today Button Mundand, the buside to Willum, Batto in Derter















Dest SAL Possible Joplin, Missouri where W. H. Suppe opened a serving machieve store that also sold bicycles (after moving from Moberly, MO)

[note: This is a transcription made in May 2000 of a typescript written perhaps about 1956 by Frederick R. Suppe, grandson of Edward Herman Suppe. Principal source was oral memories of E. H. Suppe (1883-1966)] (minor corrections July 2002).

### History of Suppe's Sewing Machines

Suppe's was started in 1883 by W. H. Suppe, an immigrant from Germany. He opened his first store in Moberly, Missouri. He earned the money to start it by working on the Wabash Railroad at \$1.50 a day. Despite the fact that he had seven mouths to feed, he had managed to save \$500 to make the venture. With this money, he went to St. Louis and bought merchandise which included sewing machines. He opened the "New York 99 Cent Store" in Moberly, Missouri. This was probably the first of the "dime stores" in the United States. He went broke because of crooked help.

(*note:* This date of 1883 does not agree with other sources, including Culter's 1883 History of the State of Kansas (Lyon County) stating that he came to Kansas from Moberly in 1879 and founded a New York 99 Cent Variety Store. In 1876/77 he had a store in Moberly selling "notions, fancy goods, fruit confectionery, cigars and tobacco" and the 1880 Moberly Census listing for his brother Rudolph Suppe mentions a 99cent store and in 1884/5 his brothers Herman Rinaldo Suppe & Richard George Suppe are listed as owners of Suppe Bros. Great 99 Cent & Variety Store. In 1883 he had four children; by 1892 had seven living children.)

He earned another \$500 working on the railroad, started the business again and he again went broke during the Cleveland Administration depression. (*note:* Presumably this would be the very deep 1893-1895 depression during the second Cleveland administration.)

He then went to Emporia, Kansas. It was during the depths of the depression and as he didn't have a job, he went to look for one. He went to the Emporia Hardware and Trading Company. He asked for a job and he was told that there were none to be gotten and that they were almost broke. He offered to collect their bills and he started to manage the business. He went to the customers to collect the bills, and if they didn't have the money, he would take payment in cattle, cordwood, livestock, or whatever he could get his hands on. Then after he had collected the "payment", he would say something like this, "How'd you like to buy a new plow, we got a swell stock of them at the store," and as a result he would sell them more merchandise.

As he sold all of the merchandise, it was necessary to replenish the stock. To do this it needed cash, not cattle or cordwood. He went to the bank to get a loan and they refused him. He said, "I got collateral", and took them to the store to show them. He took them out to the rear of the store, showed them cordwood that was stacked higher than the building, a tremendous barnyard loaded to the gills with livestock, and bins full of enough grain to feed the animals for ten years.

1

As a result of this spectacular display, he received his loan. He worked for the Emporia Hardware and Trading Company for a long time.

He then went to Joplin, Missouri and opened up a sewing machine store and also manufactured bicycles at the same time. In addition to his sewing machine trade and manufacturing, he had some property which he rented as dwellings. He painted everything that he owned a bright orange-yellow, which whenever a person went through the town would let them know what was W. H. Suppe's. He always used to say, "You always want to look beyond the end of your nose."

He came to California in 1911 and he started his sewing machine business here. He did this venture with his family and in the early twentys he retired. At this time there were three or four stores in the company. During this period it became the largest sewing machine store in the United States, west of the Mississippi River. They used to bring sewing machines over the Ridge Route from as far away as Washington by horse drawn wagon. They brought machines over from as far east as the Mississippi River.

When the depression came in 1930, his two sons, Ed and Charley, dissolved their partnership, closed two of the stores and each took one. Ed, my Grandfather, came to Huntington Park and in 1930 his son Jack, my father, came into the business. During this period of time they began to sell "white goods", (gas refrigerators and stoves, washing machines and ironers), along with the sewing machines.

During the second World War, they sold anything that they could get their hands on to keep the business going. They lived on repair work, sold white goods, greeting cards, had a branch of the Post Office in their store, confiscated the stock (legally) of a 10 cent store that had been operated by an enemy agent and disposed of it, and took items in on trade for other goods.

After the second World War, they dropped the white goods because of the cut-throat competition that was on an unethical basis.

Since the business has grown, they have survived the period of "Bait and Switch competition" (Bait-and-switch, meaning to advertise a stripped down model at a ridiculously low price, and then try to sell the customer a high-priced machine instead.) in which over a dozen sewing machine stores have started and then folded in the last few years in the Huntington Park area. ???? Today, they handle all the major brands of sewing machines(????) and hold a distributorship for the White Sewing Machine Company.

They try to outdo the competition by giving better service, such as: When a customer buys a machine, they give as many individual lessons in the customer's home as are necessary. They teach by having the customer do everything herself instead of just watching someone else. That way, the customer uses and takes care of the machine properly, and is satisfied with it Some other dealers have been known to call this "unfair competition".

Family of Edward Herman Suppe, copied from his paternal father's family Bible. He was:

Fredick (sic) Wm Suppe born in Naumberg an-die Saala, Germany Aug. 20, 1817 died Feb. 7, 1909 (*note*: Naumburg am Saale is ~40 km SW of Leipzig, Germany)

Married Clementine Charlotte Rumland Born in Bultstets bei Sax Weimer, Germany April 10, 1819 Died August, 1892 (*note:* Buttelstedt is about 10 km N or Weimar and 25 km W of Naumburg)

To this union were born 12 children:

1. Fredricka Henneretta Rossitta Suppe born Jan 6, 1842

2. Louise Alvena Ida Suppe Born Mar. 15, 1844, died Nov. 21,1846

3. Clara Louise Clementina Suppe Born Sept. 6, 1845 Died Aug. 12, 1872

4. Clara Alvina Suppe Born July 13, 1847

5. Nannie Rosalie Amalie Suppe Born Dec. 27, 1848 Died Aug. 21, 1915

6. Henrich Wm. August Suppe Born June 17, 1851

7. Ernest Rudolph Suppe Born Aug. 22, 1853

8 Reinhold Suppe Born Nov. 24, 1854 Died May 1855

9. Herman Rinaldo Suppe Born Oct. 20,1856 Died June 13, 1887

10. Richard George Suppe Born Feb. 28, 1858

11. Elizabeth Clementina Suppe Born Sept. 4, 1862 Died Jan. 9, 1903

12. Nannie Jane Suppe Born Dec. 27, 1865

Edward Herman Suppe's maternal great-grandfather was:

Wm. W. White Born in Grayson Co., Ky. Oct. 28, 1828 Died Aug.6, 1881

Married July 12, 1853 Canzada Caroline Hickman Born in Cape Girardeau Co., Mo. Aug. 1, 1826 Died April 29,1892

To this union were born 5 children:

Emily J. White July 19, 1854
 Julia Louise Mar. 15, 1956
 Wm. Perl Feb. 1858
 Alphene Del Nov. 14, 1863
 Rufus Ed July 19. 1867

Ancestors of Lillian Pearl Suppe and their families. 1. John Millard Hibler (16 April 1856 - 20 Sept. 1933) m. Harriet Wormington 1. Ethel (Dec. 1800 - 1962) 2 William ( - 1961) 3 Lillian Pearl (13 May 1885-) 1.1 Ethel Hibler (1962 m. William Richardson Oct. 17-1896 1. Frank Feb. 14. 1898 2. Delma Feb. 4, 1900 3. Gaye 1.11 Delma Richardson m. Glover Stith Deceased 1956 annulled m: 1/22/74 d. 1/22/79 1.12 Frank Richardson m. Josephine Fucconi (divorced) Daughter Delma m. Ruth 1.13. Gaye m. Dr. Phil Boller, Dec. 1923 Deceased1932 m. John Gooderidge Feb. 1935 1.2 William Hibler (Elta, I will not fill this in, as you have so much more information than I have. Can you send me this complete branch of the family?) 1.3 Lillian Pearl Hibler (d. Mar. 1974 m. Edward Herman Suppe (1883-1966) Arkansas 13 May 1885- Mar. 1974) (Emporia, Kansas 30 Nov. 10 (?) - 29 Mar., Married 29 Jan. 1908 Joplin, Mo. 1. Jack Kingsley Suppe Married Oct. 18, 1936 Gertrude Florence Cross Los Angeles, Calif., b. 23 May 1910, Los Angeles, CA Nov. 6, 1911 d. Jan 31 1971. 2. Doris Wilma Suppe married Dr. Richard Hubbard Huntington Park, CA 7 Sept. 1923 Los Angeles, CA 27 Jan. 1924 divorced died June 1974 3. William Benton Hibler m. Mary Rand He was English and Dutch, a plantation owner, she was French. 1. Lee 2. Charles H. Died Sulpher Springs, Ark.

5

3. John Millard (1) 1856-1933) Died Los Angeles, CA

5. Benton Wormingron m

daughter Vannie

m. Nancy Burton (Scotch-Irish)

2. Harriet (2) (This means she is ancestor 2 on the chart)

3. Jack

1.

4. Lee

5. Millie

6. Henry

7. Barbara

The following is in my handwriting, and may or not be true:

3.1 Lee Hibler m. Lucy

1. John

2. Pearl

3. Lee

4. Lily

3.2 Charles Hibler m. Mimi 1 Mimi Bushner (?)

6

Wm. Henry August Fredrich Suppe (generally known in later life as Wm. H. Suppe Born Nauvemberg, Germany June 17, 1851 Died Nov. 23. 1932.

Married Julia Louise White Dec. 7, 1876 in New Frankfort. Saline Co., Mo. Born in Farmington, St. Frances Co., MO Mar. 15, 1856 Died Nov. 23, 1938

To this union were born 8 children

1. Frederick William Suppe Born in Moberly, Randolph Co., Mo. Feb. 22, 1878

Married Dorothy Roehrig, (born note: scratched out) in Emporia Kansas Dec. 15, 1878 Feb. 12, 1901.

2. Charles Herman Suppe
Born in Emporia Kansas, Lyon Co. Oct. 28, 1879
Married Jennie M. Hinton in Parsons, Kans. June 15, 1904
Born March 1, 1882
(hand written note: Died 9/20(?)/72 Inglewood Park Cemetery, Los Angeles)

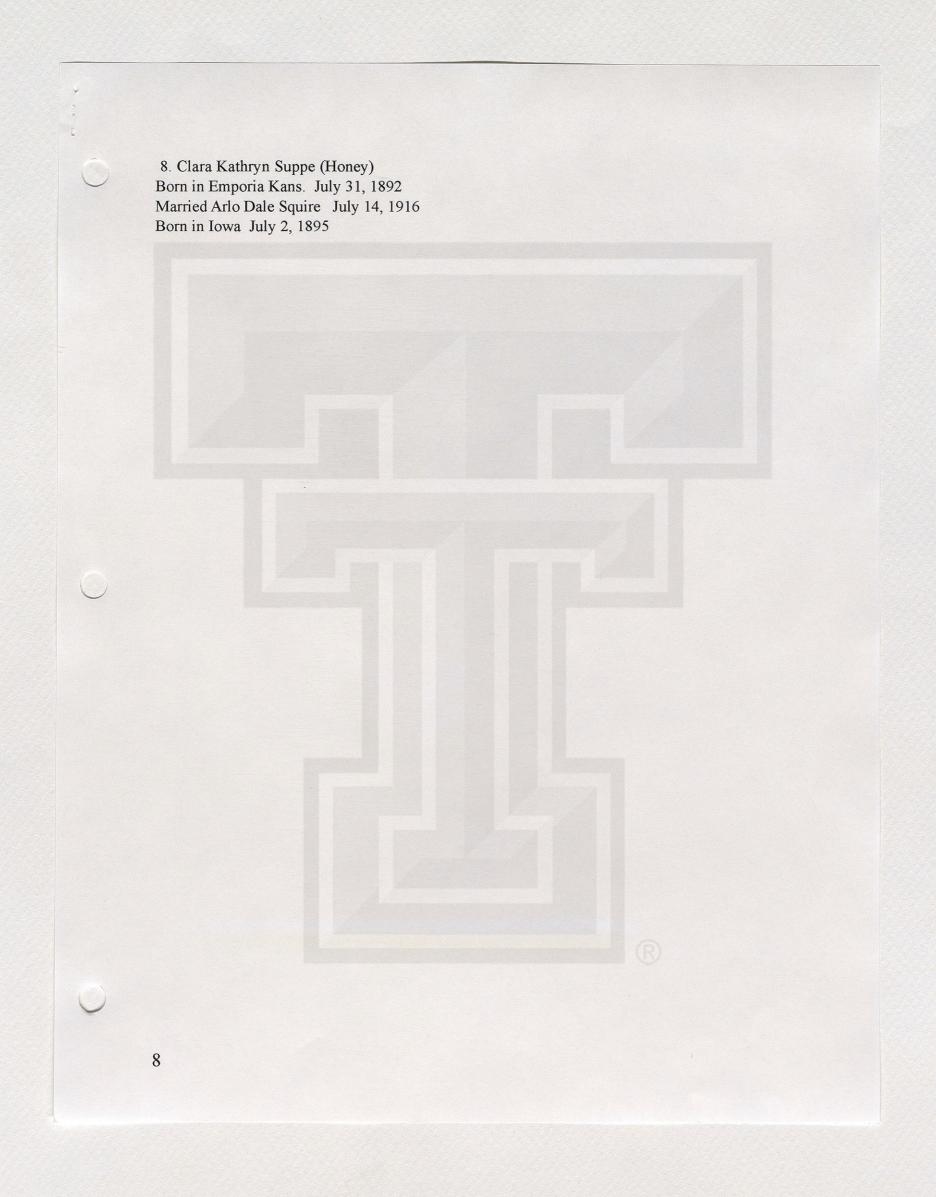
3. Nellie Louise Suppe Born in Emporia Kans. Feb. 14, 1882 Died at Emporia Kansas, April 4, 1888

4. Edward Herman Suppe
Born in Emporia Kans. Nov. 27, 1883
Married Lillian Pearl Hibler of Galena Kans. Jan. 29, 1907
Born in Ozark, Arkansas May 13, 1885

5. Clara May Suppe Born in Emporia, Kansas April 17, 1885 Died in Emporia Kansas April 21, 1888

6. Laura Bell Suppe Born in Emporia Kans. Jan 22, 1887 Died in Los Angeles, Calif. July 19, 1932

7. Emma Margarete Suppe (Shine)Born in Emporia Kans. June 2, 1891Married Lawrence Benedict Brown Aug. 3, 1920Born N.Y. City Aug. 15. 1894



# Mayor "Bill" Suppe Has Had Wide Experience in City Hall Affairs

In the matter of service to our city William F. Suppe, mayor of Manhattan Beach, occupies an enviable position among city officials of Los Angeles County. It is generally understand that councilmanic duties in small cities are a matter of public service and in that sense Bill Suppe outranks them all.

Tet his viewpoint is so progres. Built an Airplane in 1910 sive, and he is physically so full Of a adventurous nature, of vim, that one would hesitate to of vim, that one would hesitafe to that Mannattan Beach's dynamic plane meet, which was held on the old Dominguez Ranch in 1910, that he and his brother Harry profist Manhattan Beach's dynamic mayor as an "elder statesman".

"I guess public service agrees with me," declared the Mayor not long aga. "At any rate I like it." Suppe's friends—and there is no better known man in the entire South Bay—are proud of the fact that since 1934 he has been continuously chosen to occupy his continuously chosen to "I guess public service agrees

councilmanic seat; they are equalto prove of the fact that long time mayor's determination to make

Manhaitan Beach one of the most suitstanding and best run home suits in Southern California in

BH"; wiser, well-seasoned and full Mayor Suppe came to Manhat-of the know-how in city source, our Beach in 1923 when it was of the know-how in city govern-

Mayor Bill was so exhilarated by crashed to build a pusher-type bi-

Aviation was an expensive inxury in those days and with the "horseless carriage" then in the "horseless carriage" then in the ascendancy the mayor and his beother burned to the automobile in 1914 in a Chalmers car they drove from Los Angeles to New cities in Southern California in these from Los Angenes in these spite of the mistakes made when Kork, a real undertaking in these the city was first laid out and days—were out eleven tires. When the pressures which can be attri- World War I came along Suppe In other words, to the public, the Air Corps.

of the know-how in city govern- a more village, built his home, and mont which can only be attained hows with his charming wife, Nell.

ment which can only be attained to experience.
 Bill Suppe was born in the "Show Me" State and came to Spathern California from Moterly State and came to Spathern California from Moterly Missouri Mis father died when he was about ten, however his mether pany the Chevrolet Motor Constant lives and resides in West Law and with his brother Harry, as partner, both in the personem Cont. on Pg. 4"

### Mayor Suppe

(Cont. from Pg. S) and autumubile bassinesses, refiring some years ago. Momber of American Legion

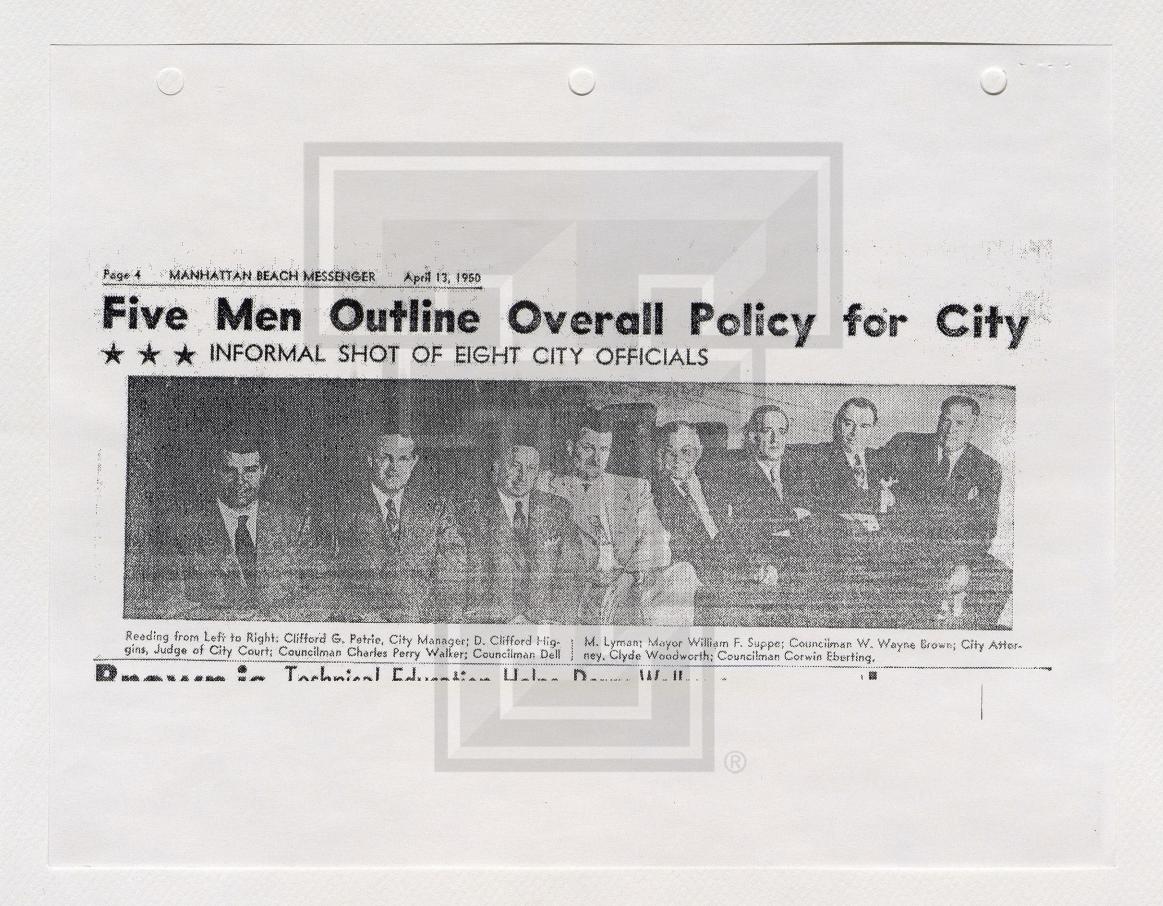
He is an active member of the American Legion, Manhatian Beach and Associated Chambers of Commerces; Red Cross and other civic groups and chubs as well as several fraternal organizations.

During World War II, jike thousands of other vers in, save first war, Mayer Bill was remeet down for active service. But he was determined to help out in suché way in the war effort and after looking the field over m see where his mechanical experlence would fit in hest he joined up as a machinist with the Concollidated ship yards.

In those perilous days the mayor also served on the Selective Ser-vice Roard, the Availianty Fire Department and the USA).

Retired now from active bass-ness the mayor devotes the greator share of his time to the study and programming of civic and municipal affairs.





### MANHAHAN BEACH NEWS Thursday, April H, 1966 Page 1 And Page 7



## MAYOR SUPPE Services Held For Bill Suppe

Manhattan Beach Mayor William F. "Bill" Suppe, 78, a candidate to succeed himself as a councilman in last Tuesday's election, died of cancer in a Torrance hospital Friday night. Funeral services were held for the city's best known and beloved civic leader Tuesday at 2 p.m. in Manhattan Beach Community Church.

Conducting a brief service was the Rev. Burley Howe, associate pastor of the church. whose eulogy was followed by burial rites conducted by the Sunset Masonic Lodge of Los Angeles of which he was a member.

Mr. Suppe, who had been a councilman longer than anyone else had served on that body since 1934 except for a 4-year period from 1954-58. He retired from business many years ago and devoted his entire time to cívic affairs.

He had not been in good health since last summer and had been grief-stricken last summer when his close friend and co-worker for many years, Councilman Charles Perry Walker died. Last May he started his fourth one-year term as mayor.

An example of his complete devotion to his duties is the fact that he presided over a City Council meeting Tuesday night before entering the hospital the next day.

Mayor Suppe had a talent for public relations and a gift for making friends with all in whom he came in contact. He was loyal to the extreme to the three South Bay cities, with his own city coming first. When the Times published an article on the decline of this area describing non-existent conditions in Manhattan Beach and labeling pictures taken elsewhere as being in his city, he wrote a carefully detailed letter to the editor explaining that his city is indeed progressive and that the article was quite misleading.

He was a member of the Early Birds, a group of men who had made solo plane flights before Dec. 17, 1916. His name and that of his brother Harry are on an Early Bird Membership roll on a plaque in the Smithstonian Institute in Washington, D. C.

The Suppe brothers built a Curtiss Pusher airplane in their garage and when it was finished towed it behind their Cadillac to the Crenshaw area. After several mishaps, they got it to fly in the summer of 1912.

During World War I, Mr. Suppe served in the Air Service.

He had been active in a long list of civic activities. He served on the Selective Service Board. He was chairman of fund drives for the Red Cross, March of Dimes, American Cancer Society, Heart Fund and other charity drives.

Mayor Suppe was a member of the Masons, the Al —Malaikah Shrine, the South Bay Shrine Club, the Redondo Beach Elks

Lodge, the Manhattan Beach Moose Lodge, the Salvation Army Advisory Board, the American Field Service, Manhattan Beach Chamber of Commerce, the Coordinating Council, Property Owners Association, Southland Water Commission, Inter-City Highway Com mittee, Veterans of World War I and the South Bay post of the American Legion.

He is survived by his wife, Nell and his brother, Harry. The Suppes have lived in Manhattan Beach since 1930.

Funeral services were followed by private interment at Forrest Lawn Memerial Park, Glendale, with White and Day Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Manhattan Beach, in charge.



