their blood by cultivating peace and procuring abundance of provisions: This is the moral end of every fociety of men who are anxious to improve their condition: And, with regard to the physical part of our nature, have the medical and other arts, whose objects are health and prefervation, made an equal progress as the arts of destruction invented for the purposes of war and carnage? In all ages, it appears that man has reflected deeper and made more refearches concerning evil than good. In every fociety there is a mixture of both; and as, of all fentiments which affect the multitude, fear is the most powerful, great talents in the art of doing mischief were the first which struck the mind of man; he was afterwards occupied with the arts of amusement; and it was not till after long experience in these two means of false honour and unprofitable pleafure, that he at last recognised his true glory to be fcience, and his true happinels peace.

INDEX

A ETNA, Mount, a defeription of ir, 147, 165. Dimensions of its creater, 150. Every employ of its produces a tow means the creater is creater, 150. Severy employ of its produces a tow means the creater in the creater is creater in the creater in

Agde, Cape, an extinguished volcano, 200.

Agos, Cape, an extinguistics vocano, 200.

Air, of its flate on the top of high mountains, 117. Not more compressed in the plains than in the mountains, 118. Nearly of equal density at all heights, 120.

Albano. See Later.
Aleutes, iflands of, deferibed, 373, 375.

Alps, folil dells found in them, 43, 43. Defeription of their gluciers; 358.

America, a recent land, 13. Of its diffcovery, 17. Folil fields found is it, 38, 39. And the tafts of elephants; 224. Of a north-earl pating to 11; 370. Of the north-week patings 213. Thus which is pain from Anta to America, 174. Account of the inflands between America and the north of Alia; 174. Peocled islands between America and the north of Alia; 174. Peocled

probably from Afia, 380.
Ammonis, See Carava.

Anadir. See Andrien.

Andrien islands described, 373.

Animals, useful ones, tamed by man, 403. Man's power over

them, 404.

Arts first invented in the north of Asia, 384.

Arthenay, M. de, his account of Vesuvius, 172.

Arthenay, M. de, as accounter veluvius, 172.

Afcention illand formed by a volcano, 194.

Afia, doubtful whether the Ruffians ever doubted the northern
room of it, 167. Of a north-east passage between it and

America,

Afia, 184. Aftronomy first known and cultivated in the north of Asia, at a very remote period of antiquity, 38c. Very imperfectly known till lately, 18q.

Atlantic, of its northern parts, 86, Atmosphere, of its height, 121,

Rarbarous nations, their ravages, 104. Barometer, how the height of mountains is measured by it, 117. Bafalts found in the ifle of Bourbon, 195. And in many other

places, ib. 199. The manner in which they are formed, 212. Beds. See Strata. Bering, Captain, his account of the islands between the north of

Afia and America, 175. Bomare, M. de, observed vestiges of volcano's in the territory of Colorne, 201.

Bones found between two firsts of rock, 249. And in a folid rock, 250. Those of the elephant and hippopotamus found in Siberia and North America, 277. Of fome enormous animal found near the banks of the Ohio, 280. Large bones of the

formofed King Teutobochus deferibed, 118, &c. Borphorus, the Mediterranean fea elevated by its supture, 157. Bouguer, his experiments concerning the depth to which the fun's rays can proetrate water, 266. Remarks on them, 267.

Bourbon, iffe of, extinguished volcano's in it, 101, 104, Bafalta Brahmins calculate celipfes, 187.

Brydone, Captain, his description of Scylla and Charybelis, 111, His facts and remarks praifed by the Count de Buffon, 158. His remarks on the cruption of Ætna in 1755, 170.

Caille, l'Abbé de la, his account of extinguished volcano's in the ifle of France, 193. And of the ifle of Bourbon, ib.

Calcarious

I N D E X. Calcarious fubflances capable of being vitrified, 32. Composed entirely of the relicks of aquatic animals, 273, 274.

Canada, fosfil shells found in it, 39. Cafojan fea only a lake, 100. Formerly much larger, 152. Catania, often destroyed by the eruptions of Ætna, 159, 164.

Cataracts, remarks concerning them, 76. That of Terni falls 300 feet, 77. That of Niagara only 156, ib. Caverns, the effects of their finking, 60. Of those formed by

the primitive fire, 222. Cevlon, ifland of, formerly united to the continent, 254. Charlotte iflands, fmoke iffues from one of them, 195.

Charybdis, its current described, 111. Chinese calculate eclipses in a rude manner, 388. Never invent

nor bring any thing to perfection, 188, 180. Climate, may be warmed by human art and industry, 306, Coal, of its composition, 141,

Cold, its phanomena in Greenland, 88. Collinson, Mr. his account of enormous bones found near the banks of the Ohio, 288.

Columbus vindicated from an afpersion, 13. Columns, bafaltic, how they are formed, 212. Compass, Mariners, of its invention, 16. Known in the days of

Homer, 17. Condamine's description of Vesavius, 174, 179. His account of the nature of lava, 217,

Continents, of their extent, 8. Calculation of our Continent into leagues square, q. Calculation of the Continent of America into leagues square, 10. Of the form of Continents, 12. Anx. logies between the figure of the New and Old Continents, ib. Formerly covered with the ocean, as, Period when the two Continents were separated, 286,

Cook, Captain, his discoveries in the fouthern hemisphere, 15. Cordelieres, foffil fhells found in them, 210. Corn never found in a natural flate, 40r.

Cornua Ammonis, their great variety, 46, 48, 49. An immenfe one found in Champages, 104. Croghan, Mr. his account of enormous bones found near the banks

of the Ohio, 289. Currents, run perpetually from Guiana to the Antilles, 18. The probable cause of this phenomenon, 19. Double currents in fome parts of the ocean, 79, 80, &c. Description of the current of Mosche or Male on the coast of Norway, 107. Of that of Scylla and Charybdis, 111.

Deflandes, his experiments which prove the existence of double currents in fome parts of the ocean, 80, &c. Dunkirk, the fea has been gradually retiring from its coaft, 255.

Earth, of its diffance from the fun, 1. Of its interior rock. to. Of the inequalities on its furface, 50. Effects produced by the finking of its caverns, 60. Caufes of its fiffures, 62. Elevated at the equator and depressed at the poles, 250, 251, Poffeffes an internal heat, 260, 261. The materials of which it is composed generally of a vitreous nature, ib. 270. Was formerly in a flate of fluidity, 261, 285. Genfanne's experiments on its internal heat, 263. Mairan's experiments on the same subject, ib. Its whole surface has been covered with the ocean to the height of 1500 or 2000 fathoms, 319. Its declivity more rapid on the west than on the east coasts, 140.

Earthquakes, the causes of them, 118. Generally precede eruntions of volcano's, 141. A mountain in Iceland funk by one, 143. Other dreadful effects of them, 144. Generally precede eruptions of volcano's, 1e8.

Eclipfes calculated by the Brahmins, 187. Elephants, their tufks and fkeletons found in Siberia, 274. And in North America, 275. Formerly inhabited the northern re-

gions, 276. Empedocles, the ruins of his tower still exists on Mount Ætna,

Engrafting, the usefulness of its invention, 408.

Epochs of Nature, 276.

Eruptions of volcano's described, 158. Cease after the flowing of the lava, 159. New mountains formed by them, 162. A great one in 1669 from Ætna, 161. Those of Ætna first I IN DEE X.

415 mentioned by Pindar, 168. A dreadful one in 1755, 169, Eruptions of Mount Hecla, 187, as takin professor has been

Fire, its effects in hardening bodies, 63, 64. Of the caverns formed by the primitive fire, 222. Subterraneous fire one of the chief causes of the revolutions which the globe has under-

gone, 228. Fishes, can live in water so hot as from 50 to 60 degrees of the thermometer, 321, 322. Of petrified fifthes found in flate, 243. Fiffures of the earth, their caufes, 62. Metals found in them,

Foffil shells. See Shells. Foffil wood, found in many places, 343. Fougeroux, M. de Banderoy, his description of Solfatara, 202. Of those in other parts of Italy, 206. His account of the nature

of lava, 218. His description of petrified wood, 244. Fountains, description of hot ones, 206, &c. ,

Foxes, iflands of, described, 375, France, height of its mountains, 53, 54. Extinguished volcano's in it, 196.

France, ifle of, full of extinguished volcano's, 193. Bafalta found in it, 10c.

Genfanne, M. de, his experiments on the internal heat of the earth, 263.

Giants, of different animals, formerly existed, 124. Examples of them, 325. Individual human giants produced in every climate, 331. Races of them in Afia, 331, 332. Difpute concerning the large bones of the supposed King Teutobochus.

333. Other examples of a fimilar kind, 337. Gibraltar, Straits of the Mediterranean fea elevated by its run-

Glaciers, a description of them, 358. Are constantly angmenting, 161.

Globe. See Earth.

Gold, and fometimes filver and copper, found in a pure flate,

Grain, of which bread is made, an artificial production, 405. Greenland, of its fituation with regard to temperature, 88. Guatimala deftroyed by an eruption of Pacayita, 172.

Gustimala deltroyed by an cruption of Pacayina, 172.

Guettard, his account of extinguished volcano's in France, 196.

His defcription of turf, 234. His account of bones found in a rock, 250.

Guiana, its rivers near each other, and deposite vast quantities of mud in the sea, 355. Its temperature heated by cultivation, qu8.

H

Heat, of the fan, how far it can penetrate water, 262. Heberden's defeription of the Peak of Teneriff, 190. Hecks, Mount, a defeription of it, 185. Its eruptions, 188. Habicot, his difpute with Riolan concerning the large bones of the fupporfed King Teutobochus, 333.

Hills. See Meautains.

Hippopotamus, bones of it found in Siberia, 274. And in

North America, 275. Formerly inhabited the northern re-

gions, 276.

Homer: Mount Ætna did not burn in his days, 157.

Hudfon's Bay, its discovery revived the project of a north-west
passage, 94.

Japanese islands abound with volcano's, and more subject to earthquakes than any other country, 354-

earthquakes tana any other country, 334.

Ice found in much lower latitudes in the fouthern than in the northern hemisphere, 14. Floating mountains of it, their origin, 80, 90.

Indian ocean has undergone great revolutions, 353.

Josephus, the Jewish historian, first mentioned the period of fix

hundred years, without understanding its value, 389.

He of France, full of extinguished volcano's, 193, Iron, some mountains entirely composed of it, 313, Ivory, great quantities of it found in Siberia and North America,

K K

Kadjack, island of, described, 376.

Lakes, the Cafpian fea only a lake, 108. Of the falt lakes in
Afia, 102. Lake Albano the mouth of an ancient volcano,

Land, of its finking and derangement in certain places, 228. Of the changes of fee into land, 255. Lava, not the firft effect of volcano's 158. Emptions cenfe after the lava flows, 159. The defludition produced by it, 56. Catania often deflroyed by it, 56. The valid extent of fome

Lavanges, or great maffes of fnow and ice rolling down from high mountains, deferibed, 125. Precautions used by the natives against their dreadful effects, 127.

Light, how deep it can penetrate water, 265. That of the moon has no femilible heat, 268. Loud-floor, mountains composed of it, 314. Lunifolar period first discovered in the north of Asia, 385.

M

Madagafear, bafalts found in it, 195. Formerly united to the continent, 354.

Maillés, a favage people, deferibed, 251.

Mairan, his experiments on the internal heat of the earth, 263.

Man, account of his original flate, 181. The first monuments of his art, ib. His progress in the arts, 382. The first men of science were produced in the north of Asia, 384. His powers, 392. 396. 404. Tames animals for his use, 403. Mariner's compass, of its invention, 16. Known in the days of

Homer, 17-Mazeas, M. l'Abbé, his account of a quarry of petrified wood,

Mediterranean fea elevated by the rupture of the firaits of Gibraltar and of the Bosphorus, 157. Metals, of the fituations in which they are found, 307. Some of

them exist in a pure state, 309. Mines, the degrees of heat discovered in them, 264.

Moon, its light has no fensible heat, 268. Morfe, its bones found in northern regions, 279-

Mosche or Male, a famous current on the coast of Norway, de-

Mountains, primitive ones composed of vitrescent materials, 11. Folia thells found in very high mountains, 44. Of their height, 50. Height of the most elevated in the province of Quito in Peru, ib. Those of South America the highest, 51. The height of Norwegian mountains, and of those of France, 53, 54. Of the direction of mountains, 55-60. Of their formation, 60. Of the inclination of their firsts, 67. Of their peaks, 70. How to measure their height by the barometer, 117. Mount Æins described, 147. Mount Heela defcribed, 185. Some mountains composed entirely of iron, 313. Others of load-flone, 314.

Naples, its firests paved with lava, 176. Mountains in its envi-

Nature, monuments of her great antiquity, 274, 275. Her epochs, 276. 305. Man's power over her, 392. 396. 404. Niagara, cataract of, falls 156 feet, 76.

North-well passage, Captain Phipps's remarks on it, 90, 91. Raynal's observations on this subject, 94-Norway, height of its mountains, 53. Their direction, 58. Description of the current of Masche or Male on its coast, 107.

Nux, M. de la, his account of water fpouts, 129.

Ocean. See Sea. Ohio, enormous bones found near its banks, 289. Otalicite, stones in it bear evident marks of fire, 194.

Pacavita, a water volcano, defiroyed the city of Guatimala, 174, Pallas, M. found bones of the elephant, and a skeleton of the rhimoceros, in Siberia, 288. Suppofes the Cafpian fea to have been formerly much larger than it is at prefent, 352.

Paris, folial fhells found in its neighbourhood, 41. Paffage, of the practicability of a north-east one between the Old Peak of Teneriff, its height, 53. Dr. Heberden's description of

it, 100. Peaks of mountains, how formed, 224,

Peru, petrified shells found there, 19. Perronet, his account of the finking of certain lands, 228. Petrified shells. See Shelli.

Petrified wood, an account of it, 237. How its age may be afcertained, 239. Phipps, Captain, account of his voyage to the north feas, 90, 91.

Pindar, first mentions the eruptions of Ætna, 168. Planets, additions concerning their formation, p. 1. Of the matter of which they are composed, 3. Of the relation between their dentity and celerity, 4. Of the relation between their denfity and the degrees of heat to which they are ex-

Plants, can vegetate in water fo hot as from 50 to 60 degrees of the thermometer, 321, 322. Pyrennecs, foffil shells found in them, 42. 233.

Quito, height of its mountains, 50.

Recupero, Signior, his account of an ancient lava, 160, Computes the antiquity of the world from fuccessive firata of lava and vegetable foil, 161.

Rhinoceros, its bones found in Siberia, 274. And in North

Rhone, bafaltic columes found on its banks, 100.

Riolan, his dispute with Habicot concerning the large bones of the supposed King Teutobochus, 313. Ruffia, great quantities of ivory found in it, 277.

Salt lakes, of those in Asia, 102.

Sea, of productions of it found in the bowels of the earth, 14; ac. Their form and number prove that they were formerly animals which existed in the ocean, 36. Formerly covered what is now dry land, 17. to the height of two thousand fathoms, 61. Of its faltness, 75. Limits of the South fea. 78. Double currents in it, 79, 80, &c. Caspian sea only a lake, 100. Nature of the foil at the bottom of the fea, 104-Sicilian fea has funk confiderably, 156. Of the retiring of the fea from various coafts. Equally warm as the interior parts of the earth at the fame depths, 264. Its fluidity not owing folely to the fun's rays, 265. How far the light can penetrate through its water, 266. Has covered the whole furface of the earth to the height of 1500 or 2000 fathoms, 319. Caspian sea formerly much larger, 352.

Sciences first invented in the north of Asia, 384. Neither originated in China nor in India, 488.

Scylla, its current described, 111.

Shells found in the bowels of the earth near Toulon, 24. Some foffil shells perfectly similar to those which now exist in the fea. 1c. 16. Places where they are found, 38, 39, &c. Often differ from those in the neighbouring seas, 40, 274. Petrified more numerous than foffil shells, 45, 46. Beds of them found in the Pyrennees, 223. Likewise found in the Cordeliers, 31q. And in the Alps, 42, 43. 364.

Siberia, fossil shells found in it, 40. And the tusks of elephants,

Sicilian fea has funk confiderably within these 2500 years, 156. Sicily, Virgil wonderfully exact in his geography of it, 165. Slate, of petrified fiftes found in it, 341.

Soil, vegetable, account of it, 68. Nature of that at the bottom of the fez, 104.

Solfataras, neither active nor extinguished volcano's, 203. That near Naples described, 203. Spitzbergen. See Greenland.

Strata of the earth, a description of them in different parts of the globe, 22. 24. 26-29. 36. Of their inclination in moun-

Steller, his remarks on the volcano's of Afia, 173. Sulphur fublimed in Solfatara, 204.

Sun, of his diffance from the earth, p. 1. Of the matter of which he is composed, 3. How far his rays can penetrate wa-

Sweden, height of its mountains, 15t. Switzerland, the height of its mountains, 54. Defeription of

its glaciers, 359.

Taprobana, a country fwallowed up by the fea, 353. Teeth, of the hippopotamus and elephant, found in Siberia, 274. And in North America, 275. Enormous ones found near the

banks of the Ohio, 288. Teneriff. See Prat. Terra Australis, of the many fruitless attempts to discover it, 14-Captain Cook's voyage and discoveries in the South seas, 15.

Torré, P. de la, his description of Vesuvius, 182. Toulon, a description of the firata in its neighbourhood, 22. Tschutschis, a people who pass from Asia to America, 374. Turf, concerning its nature and composition, 233. M. Guet-

tard's account of it. 234. Tulks of elephants found in Siberia, 274. And in North America, 275.

Ulloa, Don, found petrified shells in the mountains of Peru, 39. Vapours, the heights at which they freeze in different places, 52. Vegetables, man's power of changing their nature, 405. Virgil, wonderfully exact in his description of Sicily, 165.

Vefavius, Mount, a defeription of it, 152. A feeble volcano when compared with Ætna, 153. A wind penetrates the mountain, 172. Its ancient compared with its modern flate, 172. Condamine's account of it, 174, 179. Its height, 175. Its flate in the year 1753, ib. P. de la Torre's description of it, 182. Volcano's in South America, 51, 52. Of the changes they undergo, 147. That of Ætna described, ib. That of Vesovius described, 152. Of their eruptions, 158. Often throw out torrents of water, 168. 172. Steller's remarks on those of Afia, 173. Volcano's communicate with the fea, 173, 174-

Of extinguished volcano's, 192. 196. Voltaire, an apology for the author's treatment of him, 34.

Water-spouts, a description of them, 189. Waters. See See. Theory of running waters, 72. Description. of hot fountains, 205. Winds, of reflected ones, \$16. Some winds have a regular va-

ristion, 123. Of their violence in fome countries, 128. Wood, fobterraneous, found in many places, 237. Examples of foffil wood, 343.

