Narna Darrell. Privew of D? Inches book for The Hert la medical Journal by go

With the Englishms peoples' ideal of, and struggle for, civil, political, religious and personal liberty and justice as a theme, Dr. Beverley Tucker, against a skillfully etched background of the high points of two thousand years of English and American history has written amost interesting and delighful romance.

The novel begins at the time of the Roman invasion of Britain in the first century of the Christian era, with the united spirits of Lucius, a Roman Centurian, and Narna, a Draid maiden picked for sacrifice to the Sun God.

In succinct and lucid style Dr. Tucker gives glimpses of Roman, Saxon, Anglo-Norman and Jacobean Britain, then shifts the scene to Virginia and with the American historical background carries on the American Englishman's struggle to attain the same high idealS ?

Using the theory of metempsychosis, or the transmigration of souls, through the successive reincarnations of the original Lucius and Narna we have the recuring romances of these two kindred spirits from the year 54 to 1968 A.D.

Dr. Tucker, an eminent psychiatrist, has done an original piece of work and done it well, and in his allegorical interpretation we see the spirit of tolerance exerting its influence from age to age.

His feeling for the past ages is a thing that sets the book apart from many pseudo-historical novels, and his knowledge of medicine and psychology appears from time to time in illuminating passages. The gist of the book is true both as to political economy, and to human nature, so that it is a book that should interest and appeal to the historian, the medical man, and the lover of good fiction.

In my opinion it is a work that should, and will live as a worthwhile contribution to present day fiction, and an excellent presentation to the popular mind of a lucid picture of the struggle and evolution of the English race toward its highest ideals NARNA DARRELL. By Dr. Beverley Randolph Tucker, Richmond, Virginia. The Stratford Company, Boston, 1936. A 327 page historical romance.

With the English peoples' ideal of, and struggle for, civil, political, religious, and personal liberty and justice as a theme, Dr. Tucker, against a skillfully etched background of two thousand years of English and American history, has written a most interesting and delighful romance.

The novel begins at the time of the Roman invasion of Britain, in the first century of the Christian era, with the united spirits of Lucius, a Roman Centurian, and Narna, a Druid maiden picked for sacrifice to the Sun God.

In sccinct and lucid style Dr. Tucker gives glimpses of Roman, Saxon, Anglo-Norman and Jacobean Britain, then shifts the scene to Virginia, and with the American historical background carries on the American Englishman's struggle to attain the same high ideals of his British forbears.

Using the theory metempsychosis, or transmigration of sould, through the successive reincarnations of the original Lucis and Narna we have the recurring romance of these two kindred spirits at strenuous periods of the world's history from the year 54 to 1968 A.D.

Dr. Tucker, an sminent psychiatrist, has done and original piece of work and done it well. In his allegorical interpretation we see the

spirit of tolerance exerting its influence from age to age.

His feeling for the past ages sets the book apart from many pseudo-historicalnovels, and his knowledge of medicine and psychology appear from time to time in illuminating passages. The gist of the book is true both as to political economy, and to human nature and behaviour, so that it is a book that should appeal to the historian, the medical man, and the lover of good fiction.

In my opinion, it is a work that should, and will live as a worthwhile contribution to present day fiction, and as an excellent presentation to the popular mind of a lucid picture of the struggle and evolution of the English race toward its highest ideals.

Review of Dr. Tucker's book written at the request of my friend Dr. J.K.Hall, for publication in the West Virginia Medical Journal, where it appeared in 1937.

J.L.M.

Plates to report of In new issue of The Cartes broke Frontispiece plato: My nother on divoation place Old Prayer book plate facing page 8: Portrait of major Dale facing page 12 plate strong pictures of arms facing page 22. Hote of Churches. Bol. Knight vile & himiplate foring 1268 Knight trovers facing p 72 also 10 24 I might plate freing p98 Carlin plate facini 106 Carla Plate facing & 120 Worth plate formy p Carter p. barres p122 Hapkins p. 4 p126 P" 11 128

Carter plate Joing 134 Islate facing p 134 mille or-Shiart platos inf Govern Street + The Carles plate que = 8 p. 270 aikin porto 4 igh Here ford 13 " 15 "340 11 11352 Hrmonous

dust of oblivionnothing is too good for Virginia and this glorions ald city & Richmond so tend your off birdinatual and miles offirts howard making library the country. One from the nords The hun gathered books thort ails there, and all Those riestruments with which high spirits cull The future from do crable, and the part Art of its grave, and make the present last La thoughts and joys, which sluß but commet die Joldes within their me Elementy-"

DR. J. L. MILLER REG. NO. 1101 OFFICE HOURS: 1 TO 2:30 P. M. 7 TO 8 P. M. 7 TO 8 P. M.

ADDRESS

B

The year 1757-52 by John Kryston

DATE

MILLER'S PHARMACY THOMAS, W. VA.

NO. _____

Olservalius reporth Plagues Inflict up in the Egyptienes - by Jord Bryant 1) 94 bright at In Combines Sale 1819-32 Miles 1773 Oman-Khayyan Dogany ills leach has " Sangorski & Sutoliffe " René Bull 8 reproducting 10 Russell Hints painting at colory Seminoho of my Hugarit Hood-large 4th First 150 offers plates fine original gold troles leasher brinding 1808.

OFFICE HOURS DR. J. L. MILLER REG. NO. 1:30 TO 3 P. M. THOMAS W. VA 1101 7 TO 8:30 P M I moniferd Heilet R. Salu Deliner mit R.C nov 19, 1924 andm' Alaman Bus 251 44-47. St. Marling & Lane Ormers on Walley The Mag

Barbour-Kandolph-Incker County Medical Society Elkins, West Virginia

Essences and Balsam, but a large proportion of his earnings was lost over the production of his "Vegatable System" published under the patronage of the Earl of Bute, DEWHOSELPEOWISE SOCKECOMPRESATION were never fulfilled, except by securing for Hill the managership of the Kensington Gardens at a Handsome salary. He also held the same position at the Kew Gardens.) This stupendous work issued in 26 folio volumes conatined 1542 copper plates, the engraving of each of which cost at least four guineas.

"Hill failed to procure the election to the Royal Siciety, and wrote to one of his foreign correspondents—among whol was the illustrious Haller: "You are to know that I have the honour NOT to be a member of the Royal Society of Lojdon." Yet he was not averse to using other titles as evidenced by his bookplate on which he chose to subscribe himself M.D.—he is said to have bought the Doctorate of St. Andrews for a pound note—and Fellow of the Royal Academy of Sciences of Bordwaux which is recorded upon the title page of "An Account of the Life, Writings, &c. of Sir John Hill" 1779 which Smart also ridicled in The "Hilliad"

While Jargon gave his titles on a block And styled him M.D. Acad. Budig. Soc.

Hill was twice married first 66 Miss Travers, daughter of Lord Burlington's steward, second to Hon. Wilhelmina Jones youngest daughter of Vicount Ranelagh, a nobleman who entertained the extraordinary opinion that the welfare of this country required a continual admixture of the upper and lower classes of society. Poor Hill, this must have hurt hakmore than all the epigrams or Brown's came.

"About two years before his death, in return for an elegantly bound volume of his botanical works, the King of Sweden offered him the Order of the Polar Star, but scandal was busy with his name, and eventually he had to content himself with that of Gustavus Vasa. Lord Rochford's interest was secured to request the King's leave to accept it, and immediately after his investiture by the Swedish ambassador Hill was received and recognized at the levee of his own sovereign as a knint of that order. Yet in spite of this, his right to the use of the prefix is still doubted and at times denied."

George C. Peachey in Ex Libris, Vol. XII. 1902.

Barbour-Randolph-Tucker County Medical Society Elking, West Virginia

DR, J. L. MILLER, PRESIDENT DR. RUSSELL S. WOLFE, SECRETARY

Sir John Hill.

"Another such curious mixture of eccentricity and ability as is exhibited in the character of Sir John Hill is scarcely to be met with in the annals of literature or of medicine. His inordinate vanity and preseumption were at once the causes of his failures and of his successes.

"It was this vanity doubtless which made him hint that he was the natural son of the Duke of Richmond and seal his letters with the Richmond arms. This vanity it was that made him aspire to the right to use the title F.R.S. upon the front pages of those publications which bore his name; which in spite of a friendly warning that it would be impolitic and futile to apply for admission to the Royal Society, incited him to measure strength with that body, to his complete and everlasting discomfiture; and which promted him to issue that extraordinary advertisement of of his boasted capabilities in the form of a public application to the Lord Chancellor and others for appointment to the principal management of the Sloane Collection of Natural History, which in itself put an end to any chance he may have possessed of succeeding to that office.

"It has been urged in his excuse that, like so many men who have raised themselves from obscurity, poverty and insignificance, and attained what others have toiled for in vain, he placed his successes to the account of superior capacity, judgment, and dexterity.

"Such in any case seems to have been the platform from which Hill, in " The Inspector" and elsewhere, hurled forth invective in no chosen language upon his contemporaries, the genius of many of whom either his self-satisfaction or his jealousy rendered him unable to admit.

"In anage conspicuous for epigram, it was not likely that follies and preseumption such as his would be allowed to pass. The poet Smart, whom Hill had written down an ass, retorted with vigour in "The Hilliad", and chossing, for instance, the incident when Hill was caned at Randaygh by an enraged Irishman named Brown, whom he had slandered, wrote: --

"The chequered world's before thee --

Go. farewell!

Beware of Irehmen -- and learn to spell.

"When "The Rout", a farce which Hill had written --- he was in early life unsuccessful both as an actor and a playwright --- was hissed by the public he accused Garrick of contriving the ill-reception; whereupon the latter published the well known epigram: -- "For physic and farces his equal there scarce is:-

His farces are physic, his physic a farce is.

Abother whom Hill had stigmatized as a "wooden-headed booby", retorted: --

"The writer on smuff, on valerian, and sage.

The greatest impostor and quask of the age, The worst that we wish thee for all thy vile crimes

Is to take thine own physic and read thine own rhymes."

which was supplimented by another wat: -

" No! let the order be reversed, or else unlashed his crimes; For if he takes his physic first, he'll never read his rhymes."

"But in spite of all of this Hell and more, Hill had genuine ability and achieved a measure of success in life. At first his pen yielded him a large income, until he overwrote both himself and his reputation; after which most of his miscellaneous effusions were published under other names, to hide the identity of their unperpular

In later life he made vast dums by the sale of his E

ssenoss